



PDMP Brief – Q2 2020 – Boone County

The St. Louis County Prescription Drug Monitoring Program (PDMP) monitors the prescribing and dispensing of schedule II-IV controlled substances to assist in the identification and prevention of prescription drug misuse and abuse. The program's goals are to 1) improve controlled substance prescribing, 2) inform clinical practice, and 3) reduce the number of people who misuse or overdose.

The St. Louis County PDMP launched on April 25, 2017, with 14 jurisdictions participating in the initial implementation. Saint Louis County Department of Public Health (DPH) operates the PDMP on behalf of all participating jurisdictions. As of June 30, 2020, 75 jurisdictions have enacted legislation to participate in the St. Louis County PDMP.

As of 6/30/2020, there are over 16,500 approved users within the system. Figure 1 represents approved user counts for the total PDMP by quarter, as well as the average number of patient searches performed per day. In Q2 2020, over 9,300 patient searches were performed daily by healthcare providers. The 5.5% decrease in patient searches is most likely due to the onset of the Covid-19 pandemic. Increasing utilization of the PDMP is a continued focus of DPH.

Figure 1. PDMP registration and utilization by quarter.

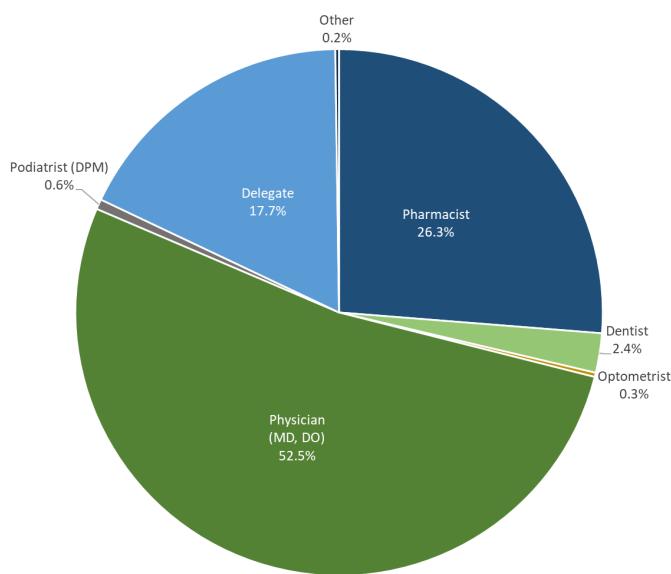
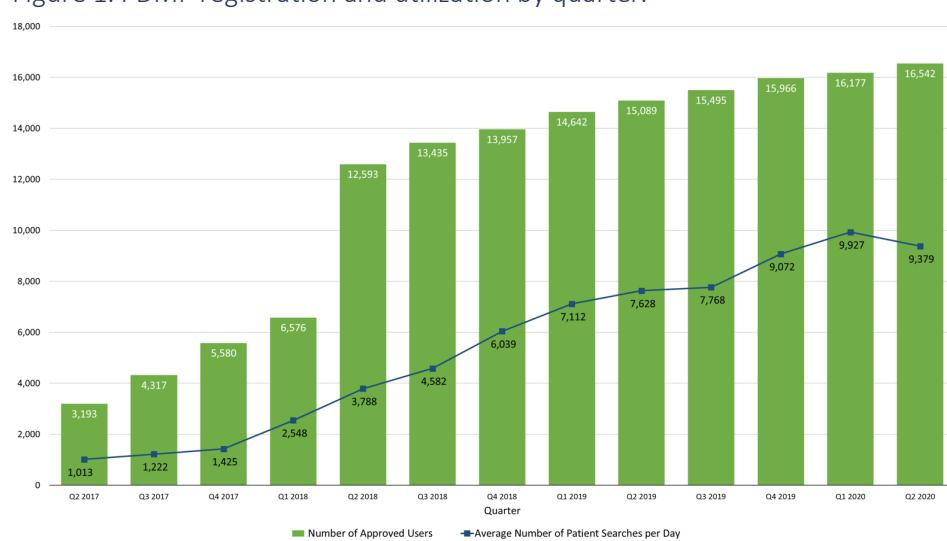


Figure 2. PDMP approved user counts by user role.

Figure 2 represents approved users by role. As of 6/30/2020, there were more than 16,500 approved users in the PDMP. The increase in users in Q2 2018 was a result of mass provider registration; mass registration is where a health system, hospital, medical group, or healthcare practice can bulk register their healthcare

53% of PDMP users are prescribers (physicians, dentists,

Additional information on the PDMP can be found at www.stlouiscounty.org/DPH/PDMP.aspx or by contacting DPH at PDMP.DPH@stlouisco.com or 314-615-0522.



Opioid Dispensations

Across all age groups, opioids were the most frequently prescribed schedule II-IV controlled substance drug type.

Opioids comprise 41.9% of all controlled substances dispensed. Hydrocodone, oxycodone, and tramadol were the three most frequently prescribed opioids (88.6% of opioid prescriptions).

Boone County's opioid dispensation rate was 432.6 per 1,000 population which is significantly lower than the total system (580.6 per 1,000 population).

Figure 3. Opioid dispensation rates per 1,000 by patient location.

Figure 3 represents opioid dispensation rates per 1,000 population for each jurisdiction compared to the total system. Jurisdictions were categorized as either higher, lower, or not different than the overall dispensation rate based on statistical significance at $\alpha = .05$.

*Rates represent projected annual rates based on one quarter of data.

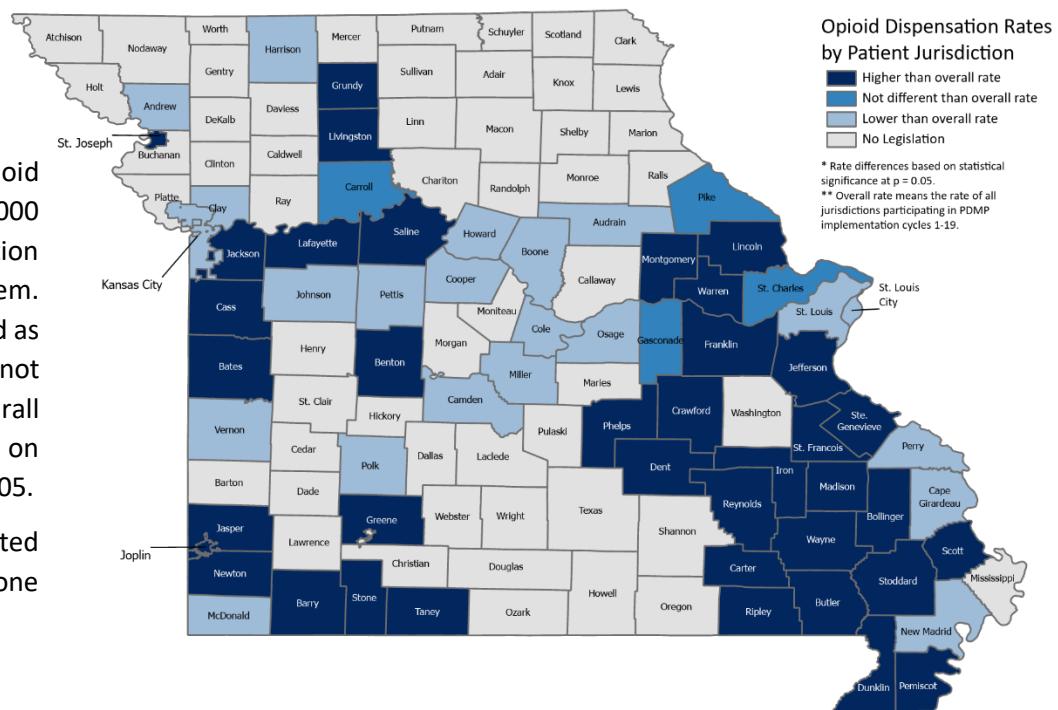
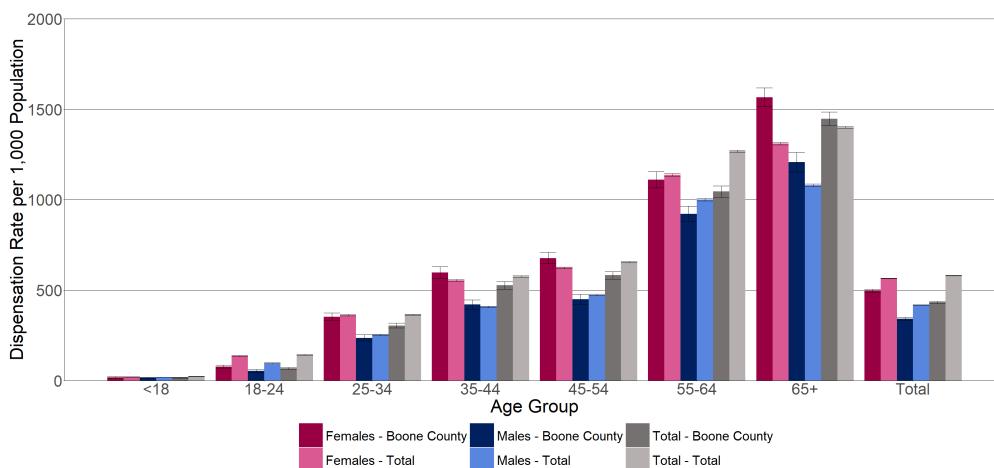


Figure 4. Opioid dispensation rates per 1,000 by age and gender.



Opioid dispensation rates increase as patient age increases.

Females received higher rates of opioid prescriptions than males across most age groups as displayed in Figure 4.

Across genders captured, Boone County residents aged 65+ received the highest rates of opioids compared to all other age groups – about 1.4 opioid prescriptions per Boone County resident aged 65+.

